



MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
OF DENMARK

THE GOVERNMENT'S PRIORITIES FOR DANISH DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION 2026

*Expenditure framework for Danish
development cooperation, 2026-2029*

SUMMARY

The world is undergoing profound geopolitical change. Powerful forces are undermining decades of progress towards stable multilateral cooperation, democracy and the international legal order. At the same time, the number of crises is rising, needs are growing and global official development assistance is in decline. This underlines the need for a robust Danish development cooperation that forges strategic alliances and delivers tangible results in partner countries.

The new strategy for development cooperation, *“A Changing World – Partnerships in Development”*, together with the Action Plan for Economic Diplomacy, *“Africa’s Century”* (2024) and the *“Foreign and Security Policy Strategy”* (2023), will frame Denmark’s development cooperation priorities for 2026. This highlights the importance of integrating Denmark’s foreign, security, trade and development policy interests.

Denmark will maintain its strong support for the world’s poorest, while also engaging more closely with emerging economies and countries marked by prosperity and stability, where development funds can help to mobilise and accelerate economic growth. The majority of Danish efforts will continue to be directed towards strengthening both Danish and European engagement in Africa. Our bilateral cooperation must also prioritise our neighbours – above all Ukraine, but also the wider EU’s Eastern Neighbourhood, the Middle East and Africa. At the same time, we must remain alert to opportunities and challenges in other regions.

Therefore, we will also strengthen partnerships in the Asia-Pacific region and Latin America, where relevant. A key element of this is our strategic sector cooperation and business instruments. Collaboration between Danish authorities and their counterparts in strategically selected developing countries and emerging economies fosters equal partnerships, builds alliances in a changing geopolitical landscape and delivers more sustainable, long-term results. At the same time, we are working to improve framework conditions that also enhance Danish companies’ access to new markets.

In 2026, Denmark will strengthen its engagement through the EU, which is the world’s strongest actor in development cooperation. With the EU’s Global Gateway initiatives and Team Europe efforts, we can achieve results on a scale that positions the EU and its member states – including Denmark – as preferred partners for developing countries. In 2026, Denmark will allocate DKK 300 million to sustain existing initiatives while backing new initiatives with Global Gateway and Team Europe.

At a time of increasing global crises, it is vital for the Government to maintain Denmark’s strong support towards the multilateral system. The world needs a unifying United Nations capable of delivering on its core missions: peace and security, sustainable development and human rights. The Government therefore supports and actively engages in the UN Secretary-General’s reform initiative *UN80*, which seeks to build a more effective, modern UN which will be able to respond to the global challenges we face today.

The Government’s budget proposal for 2026 have four prioritised focus areas for development cooperation: 1) Job creation, economic growth, trade and investment; 2) Response to conflict, forced displacement and irregular migration; 3) Defence of democracy and human rights; and 4) A just, sustainable and green transition.

Development cooperation priorities are often cross-cutting and should not be viewed in isolation. Other areas of focus will also cut across these four focus areas, for example, integrating economic diplomacy with development efforts when possible and further strengthening cooperation through the EU. Core sectors such as education and health will also remain as Denmark’s prioritised areas.

The Government has prioritised allocating 0.7 percent of GNI to development cooperation. In the 2026 Finance Bill, this corresponds to approximately DKK 23.1 billion. Furthermore, an adjustment of the realized assistance in 2024 enables a total allocation of approximately DKK 23.3 billion for development cooperation in 2026, *cf. Table 1*.

Table 1: Total framework for development assistance (DKK million, estimates)

	Finance Act 2025	Finance Bill 2026
Development assistance corresponding to 0.7 percent of GNI ¹	21,898.0	23,103.1 ¹
Accrued adjustment after 2021	407.4	-
Adjustment for realised expenses in 2023	255.5	-
Adjustment for realised expenses in 2024	-	211.3
Overall framework for development assistance in total	22,560.9	23,314.4
Expenses outside of Section 6.3	5,425.3	5,109.2
- <i>In-donor refugee costs</i>	1,306.0	639.5
- <i>Community-financed EU assistance via the standard EU budget</i>	2,541.4	2,941.9
- <i>Management, oversight and control of development assistance</i>	1,238.2	1,264.2
- <i>DIIS</i>	25.3	21.5
- <i>Elements of international efforts by the Danish Defence and Danish police</i>	40.6	34.5
- <i>Distribution of lottery funds to non-profit organisations</i>	13.0	12.3
- <i>Share of UN peacekeeping operations</i>	27.2	27.8
- <i>Other (incl.. contributions to UN organisations, etc.)</i>	233.6	167.5
Section 6.3 Development assistance to developing countries, including post-adjustments²	17,135.6	18,205.3

Note:

¹ The calculation of 0.7 percent of GNI is based on estimates from the Economic Survey of May 2025.

² Differences in the totals are due to rounding.

JOB CREATION, ECONOMIC GROWTH, TRADE AND INVESTMENT

Danish development cooperation will focus on the common ground between Danish and our partners mutual interests, with the integration of economic diplomacy as a central element. Economic growth is a proven driver of poverty reduction and by strengthening cooperation we can deliver results that promote development in partner countries while also opening new markets and investment opportunities for Danish companies.

By supporting the creation of decent jobs, strengthening business-friendly framework conditions, promoting the rule of law and combatting corruption, Denmark helps to build stable societies with sustainable growth. This will also increase trade opportunities for Danish companies and contribute to mobilise private investment, which is vital for long-term economic development.

To support this, the Government is launching a number of initiatives from 2026–2029. Denmark will rethink its current business instruments and develop new tools to meet the specific needs of companies and partner countries while focusing on more coherent financing options and guidance on investment opportunities in developing and emerging markets. At the same time, intensified efforts will be undertaken to create jobs, particularly to address the significant employment gaps in developing countries. These efforts will involve close collaboration with the private sector to stimulate job creation in the Global South. Additionally, Denmark will strengthen sustainable value chains through direct advisory services and capacity-building initiatives, with a particular emphasis on African countries.

Global Gateway initiatives are central in promoting investment in infrastructure projects tailored to the needs of partner countries. Private sector investment is essential to advance these infrastructure projects. Danish companies are therefore key actors in Denmark's contributions within the framework of EU development cooperation while reflecting partner countries' demands for increased trade and collaboration with Danish enterprises. The Danish initiatives through Impact Fund Denmark (IFDK, formerly the Investment Fund for Developing Countries) exemplifies the integration of development and economic diplomacy. In 2026, the Government will maintain its strong commitment by allocating DKK 700 million to IFDK.

Furthermore, the frame for the development guarantee facility under IFDK will increase sixfold, increasing from DKK 2 billion to DKK 12 billion by 2030. This instrument has demonstrated significant potential to scale up and leverage investments in developing countries and it will therefore be established as a permanent tool. It is anticipated that more than DKK 27 billion will be mobilised for sustainable and green investments, encompassing climate finance, job creation and economic growth, with a particular emphasis on Africa.

Examples of initiatives in the 2026 Finance Bill



Selected initiatives within the new business instruments and job creation efforts:

- DKK 850 million to new and targeted business instruments to strengthen the mobilisation of private investment in developing countries.
- DKK 100 million to a youth and job creation initiatives with a focus on promoting private sector-driven growth. The organisation of the initiative will explore possible collaboration with Danish companies on skills development and job creation.
- DKK 60 million to a project in Nigeria to launch new, multi-year value chain initiatives focusing on sustainable growth and job creation in the public and private sectors. This complements existing initiatives to support the region's trade opportunities.
- DKK 80 million to a project in Uganda focusing on creating jobs and growth in the private sector. The initiatives will operate at the intersection of sustainable economic development and economic diplomacy by promoting trade, investment, knowledge transfer and exchange with Danish companies and other actors.



The **guarantee instrument** under IFDK becomes **permanent** with the frame increased from DKK 2 billion to DKK 12 billion by 2030. This is expected to mobilise more than DKK 27 billion for green and sustainable investments.



DKK 700 million allocated to **IFDK**, of which DKK 450 million is for a general capital contribution, DKK 150 million for investments in Ukraine and DKK 100 million for the Africa Facility.



Opening of a **regional innovation centre in Africa**, focusing on innovation, entrepreneurship and knowledge sharing.



DKK 300 million to continue and launch new EU **Global Gateway and Team Europe initiatives**, specifically, including support for EU Global Gateway efforts in Ethiopia focusing on promoting green trade corridors and sustainable economic growth.

RESPONDING TO CONFLICT, FORCED DISPLACEMENT AND IRREGULAR MIGRATION

Conflict, forced displacement and irregular migration are among the greatest challenges of our time. Currently, over 300 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance. The number of conflicts has risen sharply in recent years, placing the international humanitarian system under unprecedented strain.

Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine continues to inflict profound suffering on the Ukrainian people. Ukraine remains resolute in its fight for freedom, defending both its own sovereignty and the security of Europe. It is a continued priority for the Government to ensure that Denmark will remain among the largest contributors to the support of Ukraine. Therefore, the Government will propose an increase of the civil support

With the Finance Bill for 2026, the Government will **prioritise** increasing its contribution to the **Ukraine Fund's** civilian support.

Table 2: Ukraine Fund (funds for Ukraine and other Eastern European neighbouring countries)
(DKK millions)

	Finance Act 2025	Finance Bill 2026
1. Early recovery and reconstruction in Ukraine (including the Neighbourhood Programme, humanitarian development nexus, peace and stabilisation efforts, efforts through Impact Fund Denmark etc.)	1,385.0	1,485.0
<i>Reconstruction in Ukraine, including donation effort</i>	835.0	885.0
<i>Reform initiatives (Neighbourhood Programme, including anti-corruption, etc.)</i>	100.0	100.0
<i>Ukraine facility under the Impact Fund Denmark</i>	105.0	150.0
<i>Macro-financial support to Ukraine (interest)</i>	100.0	100.0
<i>Ukraine initiatives under Danida Sustainable Infrastructure Finance (DSIF)</i>	40.0	60.0
<i>Humanitarian initiatives</i>	205.0	190.0
2. Regional initiatives including Ukraine (including the Neighbourhood Programme in Georgia and Moldova)	315.0	315.0
<i>Initiatives in Eastern European neighbouring countries under the Peace and Stabilisation Fund (the civil component of the Peace and Stabilisation fund)</i>	50.0	50.0
<i>Reform initiatives in Georgia and Moldova (Neighbourhood Programme)</i>	110.0	110.0
<i>Targeted human rights initiatives (DIGNITY and IMR)</i>	9.0	11.0
<i>Other frontline states, the Democracy Fund and regional efforts</i>	146.0	144.0
In total	1,700.0	1,800.0

through the Ukraine Fund to a total of DKK 1.8 billion in 2026. This commitment complements Denmark's substantial contributions to Ukraine through EU development assistance.

The war in Gaza has persisted for nearly two years, resulting in catastrophic humanitarian consequences for the 2.1 million residents of the region. After more than two years of conflict, the situation in Sudan has escalated into one of the world's largest humanitarian crises, with the highest number of displaced persons globally. In Syria, the situation has evolved dramatically, maintaining a sustained need for humanitarian assistance both within the country and in the surrounding region. These cases illustrate just a few of the many conflicts and humanitarian disasters currently affecting populations worldwide. In response, the Government has decided to increase the frame for humanitarian efforts in acute and protracted crises by DKK 50 million, raising the total allocation to DKK 1,081 million. This increase will strengthen Denmark's ability to provide timely and effective support at a moment when the international humanitarian system is under mounting pressure.

In addition, many people are compelled to leave their home countries in search of better opportunities due to conflicts, natural disasters and climate change. To address these issues, Denmark is collaborating with like-minded EU member states to develop innovative solutions to migration challenges and to improve conditions and prospects for people in their countries of origin. In 2026, the Government will strengthen Danish efforts on neighbourhood and migration policy with an additional DKK 50 million. These efforts will focus on enhancing migration and asylum systems, including deportation and reintegration processes, combatting human smuggling and trafficking and ensuring protection and improved conditions for migrants in countries along the migration routes.

A consistent priority for Denmark is the greater integration of efforts to ensure that humanitarian aid is complemented, wherever possible, by long-term development initiatives. This approach is particularly important because forced displacement often gives rise to enduring development challenges for both displaced peoples and their host communities. Furthermore, as the gap between global humanitarian needs and available funding continues to widen, it becomes increasingly necessary to mobilise new and private sources of finance, including through collaboration with philanthropic foundations. To this end, DKK 200 million will be allocated in 2026 to support local and long-term initiatives in fragile areas and countries.

In addition to direct collaboration with the funds, this support may include the development of new financing mechanisms, such as blended finance, insurance schemes and guarantees. At the same time, there is a strong rationale for significant initiatives within the international humanitarian system that focus on an even more effective and sharply prioritised response, coupled with long-term efforts and a strong emphasis on engaging local actors.

Examples of initiatives in the 2026 Finance Bill



An increase of DKK 50 million in the frame for **humanitarian interventions** in acute and protracted crises, bringing the total to approximately DKK 1.1 billion. This will strengthen Denmark's ability to **respond quickly and effectively** in a time of heightened uncertainty.

Support for new initiatives aimed at **mobilising innovative financing** to sustain locally rooted, long-term efforts in fragile areas and countries.

Increased funding for the Peace and Stabilisation Fund to support long-term stabilisation efforts and strategic responses to emerging crises.

An additional DKK 50 million for the **Migration and Neighbourhood Fund** raising the total to DKK 750 million to reinforce **route-based migration efforts**, for example in North Africa and Syria.

Strengthened assistance to refugees, internally displaced persons and affected host communities in **Syria, Lebanon and Jordan**. Efforts are expected to focus on supporting returning Syrian refugees, displaced populations and vulnerable groups lacking access to basic services and decent living conditions.

DEFENCE OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS

It is in Denmark's interest to continue pursuing a development policy based on the values and principles which have shaped our own society. Therefore, Denmark will continue to actively promote gender equality, freedom of belief and religion, independent civil societies, the fight against torture and corruption and the inclusion of youth, women, indigenous peoples, persons with disabilities and other minority groups.

In 2026, the Government will increase funding to key human rights partners including the International Work Group for Indigenous Affairs (IWGIA), which promotes, protects and defends the rights of indigenous peoples and the Danish Institute against Torture (DIGNITY), which works to prevent and combat torture.

Independent and sustainable civil societies are a prerequisite for democracy, both in terms of holding those in power accountable and as a framework for participation, empowerment and development. Civic engagement is a value in its own right. Civil society must therefore be protected and strengthened, particularly with regard to digital security and protection against persecution and abuse. In 2026, Denmark will increase its support for a strong, independent and diverse civil society, allocating more than DKK 50 million in additional funding to the Danish pooled schemes. Supporting those who fight for democratic selfdetermination and responding to the growing challenges of misinformation and disinformation, is essential to Denmark's interests.

Civil society both support and serve as a vital instrument for delivering humanitarian aid, long-term development and locally driven solutions. Denmark actively supports popular and social movements in developing countries, ensuring that assistance is channelled both to and through civil society. Such support contributes to effective, locally anchored development outcomes, enabling local actors to address local challenges, particularly in difficult contexts.

In 2026, the Government will **increase** the financial support to a number of initiatives which contribute, among other objectives, to the development of **freer** and more **democratic states**, the strengthening of the rule of law, the expansion of **civil society** space and the promotion of respect for **human rights** in developing countries.

Examples of initiatives in the 2026 Finance Bill



Strategic Partnerships are extended through 2026 with a total allocation of DKK 1,264 million.



The annual contribution to the **International Work Group for Indigenous Affairs (IWGIA)** is increased to DKK 25 million. This funding enables IWGIA to continue promoting, protecting and defending the rights of indigenous peoples, including its support for the UN Special Rapporteur on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples.



Contributions to the **pooled schemes** Civil Society in Development (CISU), the Centre for Church Development Cooperation (CKU), the Danish Youth Council (DUF) and Danish Handicap Organisations (DH) are increased by DKK 56.5 million.



The annual contribution to the **International Rehabilitation Council for Torture Victims (IRCT)** is increased to DKK 10 million. The grant supports IRCT's global network of professional rehabilitation centres for torture victims. In addition, IRCT works to improve legislation and policies for the prevention and prosecution of torture, including the ratification and implementation of the UN Convention against Torture.



DKK 50 million will be allocated to initiatives in the **Western Balkans** with a focus on strengthening civil society, independent media and social cohesion.

A JUST, SUSTAINABLE AND GREEN TRANSITION

Denmark is a green pioneer and is actively supporting multilateral cooperation on climate, water, environment and development, both in word and in action. Denmark is also a significant bilateral partner in the green sector. At the same time, there is considerable potential for green transition and sustainable energy, particularly in Africa.

Globally, the climate and environment agenda face increasing pressure within the current geopolitical context. In recent years, Denmark has set ambitious targets for green development aid, supporting bilateral initiatives and mobilising private funding for investments in green transition and climate adaptation in developing countries. This has been achieved through instruments such as Impact Fund Denmark and multilateral development banks. Leadership by African countries in green transition and fund mobilisation is crucial, which is why Denmark will increase its contribution to the African Development Fund (ADF) by 40 percent in 2026.

Denmark's role as a frontrunner in mobilising climate finance for developing countries also reinforces its position as a bridge-builder and credible partner in international climate negotiations. This enables Denmark to encourage other partners toward more ambitious commitments, particularly within the multilateral development banks, where Denmark will continue to advocate for high ambitions in climate finance.

In 2026, Denmark will maintain its central position as a leading green country at a time when many other countries are moving in the opposite direction. The Government therefore upholds the goal of allocating 30 percent of *Section 6.3* to climate-related assistance, corresponding to approximately DKK 5.5 billion (*see Table 3*). Some of these climate actions will also address issues related to the environment, nature, forests, water and biodiversity. Additional green initiatives are expected beyond those counted toward the climate target, including projects in drinking water and wastewater supply, as well as circular economy initiatives.

With this target, Denmark are well positioned to deliver an ambitious contribution to climate finance for developing countries supporting the global target of at least USD 300 billion by 2035, as agreed at COP30. At the same time, Denmark's focus on climate adaptation will be maintained by directing approximately 60 percent of climate aid to adaptation efforts, enabling the country to continue making a substantial contribution to mitigating the consequences of climate change for the poorest and most vulnerable populations.

The global challenges of climate change, pandemics, declining biodiversity, increased pollution and food insecurity are mutually reinforcing and particularly affect the poorest countries. Consequently, a number of initiatives

30 percent of Section 6.3 will be allocated to **climate-related assistance** in 2026.

in 2026 will focus on sustainable transitions, including climate-resilient agriculture and sustainable food systems. In addition, key initiatives on deforestation, access to water and renewable energy will continue.

Table 3: Green Development Assistance (DKK million, estimates)

	Finance Bill 2025	Finance Bill 2026
Bilateral country programmes, strategic partnerships with civil society organisations, etc.	1,486.2	1,620.8
Global Green Transition	265.0	265.0
Eastern Neighbourhood Programme and Regional Programme on Climate, Conflict, Displacement and Irregular Migration, with a special focus on Sahel and Horn of Africa.	369.0	398.3
Initiatives to secure energy and water resources, as well as environmental contributions and resilience to climate change, etc. The Green Climate Fund (GCF), Global Environment Facility (GEF), Least Developed Countries Fund, IRENA support for energy transition in developing countries, Just Transition, etc.	1,107.8	1,298.1
Private sector instruments, government cooperation and networking initiatives (Impact Fund Denmark, Danida Sustainable Infrastructure Finance (DSIF), Nordic Development Fund (NDF), Partnering for Green Growth and Global Goals (P4G), World Resources Institute (WRI), etc.)	1,193.0	1,062.9
Multilateral development organisations and development banks ¹	802.1	824.3
In total	5,223.1	5,469.3
Climate share of Section 06.3. Aid to developing countries (%)	30 %	30 %

Note:

¹ As a continuation of ongoing reforms of the World Bank and the regional development banks, portions of Denmark's contributions are counted as green development assistance, based on the organisations' reported contributions to climate-related efforts.

Examples of initiatives in the 2026 Finance Bill



DKK 1.1 billion is allocated to the **African Development Fund (ADF)** for its 17th replenishment for 2026–2035. This represents a substantial increase of 40 percent compared with the previous replenishment. The ADF delivers **long-term development results** in African countries with a particular focus on just and green transitions, biodiversity and food security.

DKK 80 million will be allocated to **new initiatives in South Africa**, including one project on **sustainable value chains** in areas such as critical raw materials and another supporting NaturAfrica initiatives working on **biodiversity**.

DKK 100 million will be allocated to the **Least Developed Countries Fund (LDCF)**. This contribution supports Denmark's priority of providing **climate adaptation** funding to the most **vulnerable countries**.

HEALTH AND EDUCATION

In addition to the four prioritised focus areas, the Government will continue to prioritise strong Danish support for health and education in 2026.

Access to quality education is crucial for breaking cycles of poverty and is also a prerequisite for economic growth and democratic participation. Denmark will continue to invest in building strong and effective education systems - through our multilateral engagement and in close cooperation with civil society. The Government will maintain a strong focus on implementing the Knowledge and Innovation Programme, which equitable partnerships between African and Danish universities.

Health will remain a key priority focusing on sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR). Access to healthcare is essential for well-functioning societies and Denmark has a robust position in the sector, supported by internationally recognised expertise. Danish efforts span prevention and treatment of diseases, including chronic illnesses, combating antibiotic resistance and pandemic preparedness. In 2026, for example, new support is planned for a Team Europe initiative focusing on local production of vaccines and medicines.

SRHR are under increasing pressure. These are human rights, that we and many others consider universal. Therefore, Denmark will remain at the forefront in the fight for women's and girls' right to make decisions about their own bodies – including in normative forums. We will continue to support organisations that work globally to ensure SRHR and deliver sexual and reproductive health services locally – such as access to contraception, safe childbirth, safe abortion, and comprehensive sexuality education – to people in vulnerable settings and situations.

From 2026, the Government will **increase** its annual contribution to the **International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF)**, an umbrella organisation for approximately 150 national family planning organisations and a leading global advocate for sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR). The annual contribution to **MSI Reproductive Choice** will also be increased which promotes SRHR with a particular focus on access to contraception and safe abortions in developing countries.

Examples of initiatives in the 2026 Finance Bill



Funds are allocated to three initiatives aimed at supporting the implementation of **educational programmes** and **skills development** for scholarship holders from countries engaged in development cooperation with Denmark, as well as promoting long-term **partnerships** between universities in Denmark and partner countries in Africa.

APPENDIX

Overview of development assistance in the 2026 Finance Bill

		Finance Act 25	Finance Bill 26	Finance Bill BO1	Finance Bill BO2	Finance Bill BO3
		2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
06.31	Reserves	-398.2	13.4	-	-	202.6
06.31.79	Reserves and budget adjustments	-398.2	13.4	-	-	202.6
06.31.79.10	Reserve	-	13.4	-	-	202.6
06.31.79.20	Budget adjustment	-398.2	-	-	-	-
06.32	Bilateral assistance	5,733.9	6,074.5	6,071.6	6,131.9	6,180.5
06.32.01	Developing countries in Africa	1,960.0	2,235.0	2,247.3	2,243.4	2,320.0
06.32.01.10	Tanzania	150.0	150.0	200.0	-	-
06.32.01.11	Kenya	40.0	250.0	450.0	300.0	200.0
06.32.01.12	Uganda	100.0	335.0	55.0	-	-
06.32.01.15	Ghana	100.0	-	-	-	-
06.32.01.17	Burkina Faso	-	-	-	-	-
06.32.01.20	Mali	100.0	55.0	-	-	-
06.32.01.23	Other initiatives in Africa	250.0	150.0	250.8	651.7	960.0
06.32.01.24	Regional initiatives in West Africa	-	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
06.32.01.27	Africa programme for peace and sustainability	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-
06.32.01.28	Rwanda	75.0	75.0	-	-	-
06.32.01.30	Nigeria	45.0	60.0	-	-	-
06.32.01.31	South Africa	50.0	180.0	100.0	50.0	-
06.32.01.32	Other initiatives that support the Africa strategy	450.0	180.0	361.5	651.7	960.0
06.32.01.33	Ethiopia	250.0	400.0	400.0	340.0	50.0
06.32.01.34	Niger	-	-	-	-	-
06.32.01.35	Somalia	250.0	150.0	180.0	-	-
06.32.02	Developing countries in Asia, the Middle East and Latin America	450.0	610.0	582.0	573.0	545.0
06.32.02.10	Initiatives in Syria, Lebanon and Jordan	225.0	250.0	225.0	225.0	225.0
06.32.02.11	Bangladesh	-	50.0	37.0	28.0	-
06.32.02.15	Other initiatives in Asia and the Middle East	-	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
06.32.02.18	Other initiatives in Latin America	-	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
06.32.02.19	Myanmar	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
06.32.02.20	Palestine	10.0	105.0	115.0	115.0	115.0
06.32.02.21	Initiatives in Afghanistan and neighbouring areas	200.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
06.32.04	Personnel assistance	40.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
06.32.04.10	Advisory assistance	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
06.32.04.12	Company advisors	37.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0
06.32.07	Loan assistance	45.6	-	-	-	-
06.32.07.14	Debt relief for developing countries	45.6	-	-	-	-

06.32.08	Other assistance	994.5	961.5	931.5	931.5	931.5
06.32.08.35	OHCHR - Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights	55.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
06.32.08.40	DIGNITY – Danish Institute Against Torture	58.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0
06.32.08.60	Stabilisation and conflict prevention	52.0	-	-	-	-
06.32.08.70	Democracy, human rights and good governance	335.5	233.5	233.5	233.5	233.5
06.32.08.75	International health crises	-	30.0	-	-	-
06.32.08.80	Peace and Stabilisation Fund	450.0	525.0	525.0	525.0	525.0
06.32.08.85	The Danish Institute for Human Rights	44.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
06.32.09	Danish-Arab Partnership Programme	202.8	84.0	126.8	200.0	200.0
06.32.09.10	Danish-Arab partnership agreements	163.0	79.0	115.0	200.0	200.0
06.32.09.20	Other initiatives	39.8	5.0	11.8	-	-
06.32.10	Migration and Regions of Origin Fund	700.0	750.0	750.0	750.0	750.0
06.32.10.13	Just and humane asylum system, incl. repatriation	300.0	340.0	340.0	340.0	340.0
06.32.10.14	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
06.32.10.15	Promotion of pan-European migration efforts	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
06.32.10.16	Future refugee response	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
06.32.10.18	Regional initiatives along the migration routes	100.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
06.32.11	Ukraine, the EU's other neighbouring countries and the New Democracy Fund	1,341.0	1,389.0	1,389.0	1,389.0	1,389.0
06.32.11.10	Programme initiatives	336.0	334.0	334.0	334.0	334.0
06.32.11.15	Programme initiatives in the Western Balkans	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
06.32.11.20	Other initiatives	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
06.32.11.35	Macro-financial support to Ukraine	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
06.32.11.40	Reconstruction in Ukraine	835.0	885.0	885.0	885.0	885.0
06.33	Assistance through civil society organisations	288.5	345.0	345.0	345.0	345.0
06.33.01	Assistance through civil society organisations	288.5	345.0	345.0	345.0	345.0
06.33.01.11	Strategic initiatives	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
06.33.01.12	Earmarked funds and networks	278.5	335.0	335.0	335.0	335.0
06.34	Natural resources, energy and climate change	1,557.8	1,643.1	1,221.4	979.3	1,027.5
06.34.01	Natural resources, energy and climate change in developing countries, etc.	1,557.8	1,643.1	1,221.4	979.3	1,027.5
06.34.01.25	The Green Climate Fund (GCF)	450.0	250.0	600.0	-	-
06.34.01.40	Energy and water resources etc.	197.3	75.0	58.7	178.8	198.8
06.34.01.50	United Nations Environment Program (UNEP)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
06.34.01.60	The Global Environment Facility (GEF)	-	500.0	-	-	-
06.34.01.70	Global Green Transition	265.0	265.0	265.0	365.0	365.0
06.34.01.75	Environmental contributions and resilience to climate change	533.0	493.0	236.4	324.2	402.4
06.34.01.85	The Ozone Fund	12.5	10.1	11.3	11.3	11.3
06.35	Information activities	88.3	88.3	88.3	88.3	88.3
06.35.01	Information activities in Denmark, etc.	88.3	88.3	88.3	88.3	88.3
06.35.01.13	Information activities	65.8	65.8	65.8	65.8	65.8
06.35.01.17	Seminars, courses, conferences, etc.	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
06.35.01.18	Assessment	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0

06.36	Multilateral assistance through the UN etc.	2,239.6	2,213.5	2,211.3	2,248.7	2,228.0
06.36.01	United Nations Development Program (UNDP)	574.0	574.0	574.0	574.0	574.0
06.36.01.10	United Nations Development Program (UNDP)	350.0	350.0	350.0	350.0	350.0
06.36.01.14	UN City	212.0	212.0	212.0	212.0	212.0
06.36.01.16	UN Resident Coordinator system	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
06.36.02	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	173.0	183.0	183.0	183.0	183.0
06.36.02.10	General contribution to UNICEF	173.0	183.0	183.0	183.0	183.0
06.36.03	Population, Health and Gender Equality	990.0	968.3	968.3	1001.7	985.0
06.36.03.10	United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)	350.0	350.0	350.0	350.0	350.0
06.36.03.11	Sexual and reproductive health and rights of global civil society	220.0	210.0	210.0	210.0	210.0
06.36.03.12	World Health Organization's (WHO) development activities	70.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0
06.36.03.13	United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women)	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
06.36.03.14	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV and AIDS (UNAIDS) and others	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
06.36.03.15	International Centre for Antimicrobial Resistance Solutions	-	53.3	53.3	86.7	70.0
06.36.03.16	The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria	200.0	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0
06.36.03.17	Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance	35.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
06.36.04	Education	335.0	335.0	335.0	335.0	335.0
06.36.04.10	Global Partnership for Education	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0
06.36.04.11	Education Cannot Wait	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0
06.36.06	Other UN development programs and various multilateral contributions	167.6	153.2	151.0	155.0	151.0
06.36.06.16	Representation of interests in international organisations	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0	125.0
06.36.06.23	OECD-DAC development-related contribution	27.6	8.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
06.36.06.24	Various multilateral contributions	15.0	20.2	16.0	20.0	16.0
06.37	Development banks, funds and the EU	1,591.8	1,688.0	1,633.7	1,706.8	1,562.7
06.37.01	World Bank Group	986.5	898.9	996.8	1,072.6	992.8
06.37.01.10	The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)	150.0	-	-	-	-
06.37.01.11	The International Development Association (IDA)	812.7	875.1	998.0	1073.8	994.0
06.37.01.12	The International Monetary Fund (IMF)	-	-	-	-	-
06.37.01.15	Special Action Account	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2
06.37.01.19	World Bank efforts relating to fragility, conflict and displacement	25.0	25.0	-	-	-
06.37.02	Regional development banks	65.0	67.8	67.8	64.5	65.0
06.37.02.10	The African Development Bank (AfDB)	65.0	67.8	67.8	64.5	65.0
06.37.03	Regional development funds, debt relief initiatives and other funds	412.2	618.0	495.4	510.7	504.9
06.37.03.10	The African Development Fund (AfDF)	136.9	280.0	226.6	238.7	239.9
06.37.03.11	The Asian Development Fund (AsDF)	23.2	65.0	-	-	-
06.37.03.13	The Nordic Development Fund (NDF)	49.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
06.37.03.14	Multilateral debt relief initiatives	203.1	208.0	203.8	207.0	200.0
06.37.04	Assistance through the European Union (EU)	138.9	103.3	73.8	59.0	-
06.37.04.10	European Development Fund	138.9	103.3	73.8	59.0	-

06.38	Partnerships for sustainable growth and green transition	2,187.9	2,229.5	2,193.0	2,338.0	2,228.0
06.38.01	Mobilisation of financing for investments	1,337.0	1,050.0	1,000.0	1,150.0	1,175.0
06.38.01.11	Impact Fund Denmark (IFDK)	750.0	700.0	600.0	700.0	650.0
06.38.01.13	Danida Sustainable Infrastructure Finance (DSIF)	300.0	300.0	350.0	400.0	475.0
06.38.01.16	Development guarantees	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
06.38.02	Framework conditions, knowledge and business opportunities	850.9	1,179.5	1,193.0	1,188.0	1,053.0
06.38.02.12	Partnerships for sustainable growth and green transition	142.9	346.5	290.0	355.0	310.0
06.38.02.13	Sector advisors	148.0	148.0	148.0	148.0	148.0
06.38.02.14	Strategic sector cooperation	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0
06.38.02.15	International Labour Organization (ILO)	20.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
06.38.02.18	The Sustainable Development Goals facility: Strategic initiatives in transition and growth economies	10.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
06.38.02.19	Research collaboration	220.0	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0
06.38.02.20	Education and capacity development	135.0	195.0	265.0	195.0	105.0
06.39	Humanitarian aid and nexus initiatives	3,835.0	3,910.0	3,910.0	3,910.0	3,910.0
06.39.01	General contributions to international humanitarian organisations	925.0	925.0	925.0	925.0	925.0
06.39.01.10	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0	250.0
06.39.01.11	United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA)	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0
06.39.01.12	United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
06.39.01.13	World Food Program (WFP)	210.0	210.0	210.0	210.0	210.0
06.39.01.14	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0
06.39.01.16	United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)	190.0	190.0	190.0	190.0	190.0
06.39.01.17	United Nations Mine Action Service Organization (UNMAS)	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
06.39.03	Humanitarian contributions to partners in acute and protracted crises	2,910.0	2,985.0	2,985.0	2,985.0	2,985.0
06.39.03.10	Strategic partnerships, nexus initiatives and humanitarian relief funds	1,704.0	1,704.0	1,704.0	1,704.0	1,704.0
06.39.03.11	Other contributions to acute crises	500.0	550.0	550.0	550.0	550.0
06.39.03.13	Mobilisation of new partnerships and funding for long-term interventions in fragile states	175.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0
06.39.03.14	Other contributions to protracted crises	531.0	531.0	531.0	531.0	531.0
Section 6.3	Total	17,124.6	18,205.3	17,674.3	17,747.9	17,772.5



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October 2025

Publisher:
Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Denmark
Asiatisk Plads 2
DK-1448 Copenhagen K
Denmark

Telephone: +45 33 92 00 00
E-mail: um@um.dk
Website: www.um.dk

This publication can be downloaded from: www.um.dk
Quotations are permitted without restriction

ISBN: 87-94339-82-1